NO. 26.

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CORRESPONDENCE.

Correspondents will please make their communications as brief and concise as possible. Owing to our limited space, we are frequently compelled to leave out matter that we would like to publish, but can not for want of space. All letters outside of Indianapolis should reach as Thursday. All communications written on both sides of the paper will be

> Cincinnati O. NOTES ON PERSONS AND THINGS.

The "LEADER," herald of truth and de fender of right, her art thrice welcome to

There are hundreds of worthy people in our city who, notwithstanding their long separation from their favorite journal, and the frequent inroads of other journals over its once sole sovereignty undauntedly pronounce "THE INDIANAPOLIS LEADER" the very foremost journal edited and controlled by black men, and we unhesitatingly prophesy an overwhelming success "Paris of America," for this journalistic

The past week has not been an unusually brilliant one, infact naught save the fierce struggle against that loathsome epidemic smallpox, stirs our people from the usual way of life.

One incident almost escaped us Last Sunday evening the Grand Opera House was the scene of an elegant and admiring, though not a large audience. The occasion was a grand sacred concert in which the world famous divas in song, the Misses Madah A. and Louise E. Hyers, were the leading attractions. The surpassing powers of Miss Madah, and the rare accomplishments and genius of beth ladies have been applauded to the echo by millions and lauded by almost every journal in America; so apart from these we have to say that the rest of their company were of exceptional merit. We have oft had the pleasure of sitting within the resonant sound of some of the most noted tenors of the day, but must and gladly admit that none of them caused us more infinite joy than did the singing of our friend, Charles E. Bentley, on this occasion, and jndging from the frequent encores which this gifted young artist received at the hands of his audience, an equal pleasure must have pervaded the entire house; but the whole secret of the thing is that Charles is a Cincinnati boy, and his successes add to the billiant array of Ohio successes.

Mrs. Montgomery Smith of Richmond Street had as her guest the past week, Mrs. Anna Winston of Natchez Miss. Miss Leanna C. Young has returned to

her post of duty in Owensboro Ky. George O'Bannon is not an astronomer by

any means. Miss Stella Green will soon become

member of the Choral society. The beautiful little Miss Nettie B. John-

son, after a vacation of nearly two months, has returned to her studies. Sergeant Robert Benjamin, of the U.S. A.

is a resident of Kingston, Jamaica.

who is at present visiting friends in this city

The boy preacher, Harrison, is still holding a great revival here; several of our society Misses have been tempted to go to the bench

The Misses Broadie, Huskins, Ousley, Sullivan Johnson and Easly are the pretty representatives of West Walnut Hill in "Old

Mr. Jas. Gordon, of Turners Tonsorial Parlor, is the only colored man in the city who speculates in wheat.

Mr. Alonzo E. Morton, from one of the rural districts of the hoosier State, plays the B flat cornet in Prof. Lewis Branks West End cornet Band. Prof. Branks is a thorough going and engergete musician, and is a competent leader.

Taswell R. Thompson, of Evansville Ind. is here preparing for professional duties. Examinations are completed in the high school department, and has left many scared Mr. Hamlet's reappointment to the position he

Richard Hill, of Nashville, Tenn., is here attending school, and is developing fine men-

Hon. Harry Lott, one of the fist colored men who were honored with a seat in the Louisiana State Legislature, is in the city. Mr. Wm. R. Connor, the well known New York Engraver, is in the city.

Messrs Willis Jones and Wm. Copeland are the most active business men color in the city.

Mr. Richard Hogan will soon open a new business house.

Graves' restaurant is one of the most fashionable resorts in the city. The handsome Miss Cornelia C. King,

contemplates residing in the city in the near Intelligence from New Richmond informs ns that Mr. Orlando Fox, is recovering from

the effects of the wound he received from Walter Spottswood. The vivacious, piquant, petite beauty, Miss Olivia Jones, of Indianapolis, is daily adding to her host of enthusiastic friends in this city, and many will be the heart-aches

was stopped by a well-directed shot from a pistol in the hands of Oyle.

soon choose as his escort to the hymenial altar, a bewitching widow of society.

Springfield. It is now rumored that there will be appointed an executive committee to attend to the interests of the colored voters next fall. It so, we trust that they will present some colored candidates whom they will work to elect. Now, voters, I appeal to your judgment, as men of intelligence; you know that you can elect your candidate if you will only stand un ted.

At a time when this country was brooding forth for independence, there was formed a society in one of the colonies. But in forming it they selected a man whom some of the parties in the society did not like, and they went to one of the old Englishmen and asked if he would assist in impeaching him; but he refused, saying: "You will never get from the gallery was heard. As soon a the any one to whom every one will cling. signs of approbation subsided a little the Serve him till his time is out; this will make hiss became more audible, and therevere us independent. But should we pull apart, we will never be an independent nation."

NICK-NACKS. Mrs. E. C. Jackson has returned from Xenia, leaving her mother very ill. The entertainment given at Mr. William

Raddin's was very enjoyable. Mr. Frank Shivers, of Miss., is now keep ing grocery in the East-end. Mr. George Lacas, of Cleveland, will visit

this city during this month. It is about time for Messrs. Strong and Cowan to visit Cincinnati. The school question is doing wonders.

low. Is it leap year? Springfield soon. The bride is a well known has taken no interest in the trial from the lady of Zanesville, O.; the groom, L., is a first.

Mr. Perry Yates has returned home in poor health. Miss Mamie Yates spent Sabbath in the city, the guest of Miss Bettie Jackson Mr. C. W. Reynolds will give another pleasant reception to his gentlemen triends

A certain gentleman in this city wants to know if Little Dot will unbar her door to him if he knocks? We will say to him that we have always attempted to give such men good advice, and we will say to him, if her mother is willing he will be succe-sful; only

The time is drawing near for M. E. G. and C. W. R. to make their trip to Paris. E b. can prove it. S. H., remember that the young ladies have some one to look after you when they can not be along. I think the young lady

was correct in chastizing you for your conduct. E., I would like to pat you on the shoulder for it. The young people's praise meeting last Sunday was one of much tenefit to all who

The marriage at North Street Church last evening was quite an enjoyable affair to tho e intruders who sat in the gallery, as the minister was compelled to speak to them

during the ceremony. Mr. Frank Elkin's lunch room on north Market is beginning to be thronged with old customers, and says come, young men, he will be as generous as ever.

Urbana O.

URBANA, O., Feb. I.-Rev. P. Tolliver followed up the week of prayer with a series of meetings that has not yet been concluded There have been several conversions. The many friends of Miss Lulu Ray, of Cincinnati, will be happy to learn of her embracing re-

The spirit of business enterprise has seized Mrs. Amanda Clarke and Miss Laura Jones, who have consolidated their hair-shops, and removed from their respective homes to a handsome and convenient first floor room on S. Main street. We wish them success and hope to have their subscription to the LEADER. In a recent interview with Senator Sayre, he denies having operated against Mr. Thomas in his Candidacy for clerk of the Senate. He says he voted for him. We make the correc-

tion with pleasure. Rumor has it that several of our tonsorial establishments will shortly pool their inter-

ests, but we rather suspect 'tis a joke. it having come to the knowledge of the colored citizens of this county that an effort to supplant G. B. Hamlet in his position of guard in the Ohio Penitentiary, was being Lade, a mass meeting was held in St. Paul Church on Monday evening, 30th ult., for the purpose of remonstrating against it. The meeting was largely attended and was thoroughly harmonious, Mr. Hamlet being unquestionably the choice of the entire body of colored voters and the majority of white for the position. Thos, Oliver acted as Chairman, C. B. Jones Jr., assessor in first ward, secretary. J. H. Anderson ect thereof; himself, the secretary and James Slaughter were appointed a committee on pe-tition, in accordance with the third resolution. The following preambles and resolutions were manimously adopted:

Whereas, The terms of appointment as an officer in the Onio Penitentiary of our worthy and esteemed townsman and representative, Geo. B. Hamlet, is about to expire, limitation of law, and Whereas, In the matter of office-holding in

Ohio the representation of our race is but small in comparison with that of other nation-alities; and Whereas, We can proudly affirm that Mr. Hamlet has proven himself to be a man of great worth and ability, and is one of the leading men of his race in this country and the

Resolved, That, we. the colored voters of Champaign county, in mass meeting assembled do hereby ask for his reappointment; and we further request, urge and DEMAND that the leading Republicans, Senator and Representative from this county, do help us in securing

now occupies. Resolved, That, in the appointment of Mr. Hamlet and other colored men to places of honor and trust in the departments of governin the State, two years ago, we acknowledge the appreciation of our merits on the part of the Administration, and recognize in the same a decided improvement over former Administrations in distributing fairly among all classes qualified, the appointments to office.

Resolved, That, the Chair appoint a committee of three to draw up, and procure signatures to a petition asking the Board of Directors and Warden of the Ohio Penitentiary to reappoint G. B. Hamlet as guard from this county; and that said committee shall direct the same to our Senator, Hon. M. M. Sayre, and Representative, Hon. J. W. Ogden, and ask them to present said petition in person.

Committee on Res. {P. Tolliver, W. O. Bowles, N. ROBERTS.

A Wife-Beater Fatally shot. LOUISVILLE, Jan. 31.-Will Owens, aged forty-five, living on the Brownsboro road, at the east end of the city, was fatally shot by his brother-in-law, George Oyler, this afternoon. Owens was besting his wife, when Oyler went to his sister's rescue. The husGUITEAU.

What the Jurors Say-Public Approal of

the Verdict. WASHINGTON, Jan. 26 .- The jurors ithe Guiteau case say that even had they he an opportunity to read the newspapers hey would not have taken advantage of it, fothey were determined from the first not toive any cause for complaint; that they woul do their whole duty as jurors, and as fr as their conduct was concerned there shoul be no ground for the charge of irregularity

DETROIT, Jan. 26.-Quite an exciterent was stirred up at the Opera House last eening, where Herrmann, the magician, wasxhibiting. Between the performances th result of the Guiteau trial was announced, when the audience at once broke into oud applause. In the midst of the noise shiss cries of condemnation. A special office instantly discovered the man who was hisings and stepping down the steep aisle adised him to desist. This attracted attention to him, and before the officer could gethim out of the Theater a crowd of men andboys near by pitched upon the offender. The fellow was badly cut and bruised by hispatriotic assailants, and was removed with great difficulty. He managed to help imseif as soon as put outside of the building.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 26 .-- Inquiry was nade to-day of Mr. Radolph, brother of Mrs. Lucretia R. Garfield, as to how the late Pesi-One of the teachers proposed to a young conviction. He answered that he has been man Tuesday, and still there is more to fol-There are rumors of a wedding in East | ject mentioned. Mrs. Garfield apparenly

Madison, Ind., Jan. 26 .- The rejoicing is universal over the verdict in the Guiteau case, and a salate of fifty guns is to be fired in honor of the Jury. The Courier says: 'The influence of the verdict upon the future of the country is only second to the triumph of the Union cause, in that it marks the death of the insanity dodge and strengthens the law for centuries to come.' THE VERDICT ABROAD.

LONDON, Jan. 26 .- The Standard, Daily Telegraph, Morning Post and News and the imes express satisfaction at the conviction of Guiteau, but all, with more or less severiy, eriticise the conduct of the trial. The Daily News: "It is doubtful whether Guiteau himself expected any other result.

If he did the fact would be stronger evidence of unsettled intelligence than any brought forward during the inquiry." All newspapers not only express one opinion as to the justice of the verdict, but are

certain it will be unanimously approved. The Convicted Assassin Appeals to the Ladies for Pecuniary Aid - He has Anxiety About the Verdict.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.-Guiteau sent the press to-day the following: To the American People:

Twelve men say I wickedly murdered James A. Garfield. They did it on the faise notion that I am a disappointed office seeker. My speech, they said, made no impression on them. I am not surprised at the verdict, considering their class. They do not pretend to be Christian men, and therefore did not appreciate the idea of inspiration. They are men of the world and of moderate intelligence, and therefore are not capable of appreciating the character of the defense. According to one of them, "we had grog at each meal and cigars afterwards," which showed their style and habits. Men of this kind can not represent the habits. Men of this kind can not represent the great Christian Nation of America. Had they been high toned, Christian gentlemen, their verdict would have been, "Not guilty." Not because of insanity, but the mere outward act of the shooting would have been the same, whatever the shooting would have been the same, whatever the motive. If I had been a disappointed office-seeker, which is absolutely false, as I prove by my papers and Mr. Brooks' testimony, on July 2 and 3, the outward act of the shooting would have been the same as if I had been directed by the Deity to do it, or believed myself so di rected to do it, which is the literal truth, as prove by all my papers and talk on the subject. This Jury had not sufficient intelligence to see that point, and entirely ignored the political and patriotic necessity of the act, which all Christian and intelligent people see. For this reason I am entitled to a new trial, if for no other, and we have a prodigious amount of exceptions. I want to employ two or three

to take charge of my case. The principal point is to show the non-jurisdiction of this Court to try this indictment, because the President was re-moved to New Jersey. The authorities on this point are conflicting, but some of the best lawyers in America say the preponderance of the authori-ties are against the jurisdiction of this Court. I desire the Court in Banc to pass upon this ques-tion, and I have no doubt but that the high-toned Christian gentlemen representing the Washington Court in Banc will give it their most careful attention, to the end that if the Deity intended to protest from the legal liability herein by allowing the President to depart gracefully and peacefully in New Jersey, I shall have the benefit of the Detailed. ity's intention. I consider it especially providen-tial in my favor, and ask the Court in Banc tq so consider. I have received some checks, but many of them are worthless, which show the low character of the men that send them. I need money to employ counsel. There are many people in America that believe in God and in my inspiration, and that I am a patriot. To you, men and women of America, I appeal. I ask you

or by letter. If you send money send a postal order or check to my order. With competent legal help I can get out of this with the Lord's help and I am sure of that. But good lawyers do not work for nothing. I want to employ two or three first-class lawyers to do my work before the Court in Banc. If I had had competent causel I should not have talked so much in Court. But I disagree with the theory of Mr. Scoville and Mr. Reed, and it has made it unpleasant for both parties and has been a great damage to the defense.

Porter says I am a sight, and I agree with him, although I know he has abused and vilified me outrageously when I had no alternative save to answer back, which I did in my usual plain way. I have been convicted, but the verdict can not be enforced until July in any event, and probably not until September. I give myself NO ANXIETY

on account of the verdict. I hardly expected acquittal. The most I expected was a disagreement. Then proposed to test the question of jurisdiction in the Court of Banc. It is a purely legal question, and if the opinion of some of the best lawyers at the American Bar is sustained by the Banc, will end this case. I can't get a hearing on this till I make a special appeal to the ladies of America to come to my rescue. Some of them have written me delightful letters, and I ask each and every one of them to respond to the extent of their means and see me in person if possible. I return my sincere thanks for their letters and sympathy. You ladies believe in God and in my inspiration, and that I have really saved the Nation great trouble and

have really saved the Nation great trouble and great expense. to-wit: another war.

Last spring General Garfield had the Republican party in a frightful condition, and it was getting worse every hour. To-day everybody of sense is satisfied with General Arthur's Administration, and the country is happy and prosperous. Only good has come from Garfield's removal, which is conclusive evidence that my inspiration was from the Deity. He has repeatedly confirmed my act since July 2. Therefore let all persons quietly acquiesce in the expressed will of the Deity. I am God's man in this matter, just as truly as the "Despised Galilean" was God's man. They said he was a blasphemer, glutton, etc., and it seemed a small thing for His acquaintances to kill Him, but His death stirred the wrath of the Almighty, and He got even with them forty years later at the destruction of Jerusalem, A. D. 70, and He

WILL GET EVEN with the American people if a hair of my head is harmed. God will vindicate me, even if the Nation rolls in blood. Mere physical death is nothing to me. Under the law I can not be executed, in any event, until July. I may die a dozen times before then; also, I have no trouble about that. I shall not go before my time. I had rather be hung so far as a physical death is concerned than die from painful illness or meet with a railroad or steamboat accident. I hardly think I'm destined to be hung, and therefore give myself no thought on that, but I am

anxious to have my character and inspiration vindicated. To that end I need help as herein mentioned. My friends need not be ashamed of me. Some people think me a great man at this age, and that my name will go down to history as a patriot by the side of Washington and Graat.

CHARLES J. GUITEAU.

The Motion Filed by Counsel for a New Trial - The Question of Jurisdiction Washington, Jah. 28.—In the Criminal Court this morning Scoville and Reed, counsel for Guiteau, appeared and the former Inquired of the Court in respect to the form of his bill of exceptions, whether he would be compelled to except specifically or whether general exceptions would suffice.

Indee Cox stated that under the practice of the

Judge Cox stated that under the practice of the Court he would have to except specifically. Scoville then stated that he had intended to file a motion for a new trial, but would like to have until Monday. The District Attorney objected, and Scoville stated that in that case he would file a motion this afternoon in the Clerk's office.

The District Attorney asked the Court to assign Tuesday next for hearing argument upon the motion, but upon representations from Scoville that he will scarcely be able to enter upon the argument at that time, the Court declined to fix a day at present.

a day at present.

This afternoon Scoville filed with the Clerk of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia the papers upon which he basis his motion or motions for a new trial. Not being familiar with the practice in this District, Scoville concluded to the practice in this District, Scoville concluded to file two motions, to assure himself against the possibility of being devived through any legal technicality of right of review by the Court in general term. The papers filed in support of the motions are: That of the prisoner, the affidavit of Frederick H Snyder as to the finding of a newspaper in the room occupied by the Jury under circumstances indicating it had been read by the Jury; the affidavit of J. W. Guiteau that he is acquainted with the signatures of five Jurors whose names are written on the of five Jurors whose names are written on the dent's widow received the news of Guitesu's conviction. He answered that he has been at Mrs. Garfield's home almost every (ay during the trial, and never heard the sibfound, upon which he based the motion for a new trial. The first paper is a motion for a new trial upon the following grounds:

1. By reason of the incertainty in said verdict, in that the Jury thereby found the defend-

ant "guilty as indicted," whereas the indictment consists of different counts variant from and in-consistent with each (ther in matters of sub-2. That the said verdict of the Jury does not specify which count or counts of the indictment it was founded upon, and several of the counts being materially different from the others, the defendant is not advised by the former substance of said verdict as to the finding of the Jury upon the material facts of the death, or the place of death of the deceased.

3. That the trial of this cause was commenced at the June term 1881, of this Court, and was not concluded in the same term of the Court, but was extended into the December term without au-

4. For the reason that this Court had no jurisdiction of this cause by reason of the ceath of the deceased having taken place outside of the 5. That the Court erred in overruling each and

all prayers upon the questions of law asked by the counsel for the defense, and in refusing to in-struct the Jury as requested in each of the four-teen prayers proposed by them.

6. That the Court erred on the trial of this cause in excluding proper evicence offered by de-lense as set forth in the bill elexception.

7. That the Court erred on the trial of this

cause, in admitting to go to the Jury improper evidence on the part of the prosecution, as shown in the bill of exceptions 8. That the Court erred is commenting improperly during the trial upon the conduct of the defendant, and in entering into an arrangement with the District attorney (without the knowledge of the counsel for the desire) whereby the edge of the counsel for the deense) whereby the Jury and expert witnesses for the prosecution, during the portion of the talal, might observe certain conduct of the defendant to subserve the purpose of the prosecution, (the defense being insanity) without the restrairing power of the Court being exercised, until those purposes were accomplished to the prejudice of the defendant.

9. The misbehavior of the Jury in the reading, or having read to them, newspapers, calculated to prejudice their minds against the defendant, as shown in the affidavits of Frederick H. Snyder, George Scoville and John W. Guiteau, filed herewith. 10. By reason of new and material facts

known at the time of the trial and not ascertainable by reasonable diligence on the part of the defendant or his attorner, having come to light since the trial, as shown in the affidavit filed 11. That the verdict is contrary to the evidence.

12. That the verdict is contrary to the law of the case.

George Scoville,
Defendant's Attorney. The second paper filed is the bill of exception and contains the same points made in the notifor new trial.

Griteau, in his affidavt, says as he is restrained of his liberty, he is compelled to leave the whole matter of a new trial to scoville.

The affidavit of Frederick H. Snyder, of Jersey City, sets forth that he w s a guest at the National Hotel during a portion of the month of December and occupied a room near those occupied by the Jury in the Guitaga area. On the correspondent and occupied a room near those occupied by the Jury in the Guiteau case. On one occasion he saw the door of one of the rooms so occupied standing open, but with no person therein, and on the table of said room was a newspape; and knowing it was forbidden the Jury to have newspapers, he (Snyder) slipped in and took the paper, which he found was a copy of the Evening Critic, containing an account of the attempt of Jones to shoot Guiteau and an editorial denouncing the prisoner. On the margins were either the names or initials of five of the Jurors. In the interests of justice he took the paper to Scoville. Attached to this affidavit is the copy of the Critic alluded to, with the names of the Jurors mentioned written in ink upon the margins.

ten in ink upon the margins.

The affidavit of Scoville is to the effect that he believed the names of the Jurors were written on the margin of the paper described in Snyder's affidavit by the Jurors themselves, and that since the trial new and material facts showing the insanity of the prisoner came to his knowledge. The main reliance of the defense is the affidavit of Snyder and the copy of the Critic appended to it, which it is claimed was seen and read by the Jury pending the t ial. A careful comparison of the writing upon the margin of the newspaper with the siglature of the Jurymen whose names appear there shows a striking resemblance, and establishes a strong case of circumstantial evidence. The Dis trict Attorney, however, asserts that this matter of tampering with and irregular or improper conduct on the part of the Jury, as set forth in the Snyder affidavit, will be disposed of in short order by the prosecution. The Jury themselves are quite indignant, and firmly deny the charge of improper conduct on their part.

As an indication of how little weight is attached by the prosecution to the motion of Scoville for a by the prosecution to the motion of Scoville for a new trial, District Attorney Corkhill remarked to-day, before a number of gentlemen, that Gui-teau will be sentenced and as surely executed not

Belief That He Will Not Have to Be Hanged-Judge Cox to Dispose of the Corpse.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.-Guiteau is beginning to show much nervousness and irritability. He is suffering from a severe cold which has inflamed his eyes. One of the Jail officials says he would not be surprised if Guiteau did not live to be hanged. John W. Guiteau last evening spent an hour in his brother's cell in company with

Warden Crocker. The prisoner became very much excited and denounced his brother John W. Guiteau, in a card to the public, disavows all knewledge of the proposed exhibition of his brother's body and says, whether his brother dies by legal process or in an Irsane Asylum, the body will be disposed of in a manner that will not offend

public decency. In view of the recent propositions to make a public spectacle of Guiteau's remains, though highly probable, Judge Cox will exercise the discretion given him by the Revised Statutes, and include in the death sentence the disposition of the body. Scoville pronounces the story that Mrs. Scoville is insane as false. He says she is naturally under a high state of excitement,



CLARKSON N. POTTER. LAWYER AND STATESMAN.

Hon. Clarkson Nott Potter died on the morning of the 23d of January, at his residence in New York. He had been confined to his room but a few days, but had suffered from Bright's disease of the kidneys and probably other diseases during a considerable time previous.

The deceased lawyer and statesman was born at Schenectady in 1825, the son of Dr. Alonzo Petter, Bishop of Pennsylvania. He was descended of an English ancestry, the first American representative of which landed from the old country in the year 1640, and settled in Rhode Island. The Potter

tamily were for several generations members of the Society of Friends. Carefully instructed in his boyhood, Mr. Potter's career at college begun and ended earlier than is usual. Having graduated from Union College, father, Dr. Eliphalet Nott, had been President many years, and having spent a short time survey ing, he began to read law, and was admitted to the Bar about the time he gained his majority. In 1848 he began to practice in New York City. At the Presidential election in the same year he acted with the Free Soil Democrats. He gave up business in 1859, and his brother, General Robert B. Potter, succeeded him. The outbreak of the war led to the General's joining the army and Mr. Potter's resumption of practice. In 1868 he was elected Representative to the Forty-first Congress, and in 1870 to the Forty-second. The dignity and ability with which he presided at the Democratic State Convention in 1870, added greatly to his reputation. He was elected to the Forty-third Congress. In 1873 Columbia College conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of Laws. Nomin ated to the Forty-fourth Congress he declined the nonor. Mr. Potter was elected to the Forty-fifth Congress. In 1877 he presided the second time at the Democratic State Convention. His candidature for the Lieutenant Governorship, in 1879, was unsuccessful, as also that for the United States Senatorship, vacated by the resignation of Senator Conkling. The deceased gentleman was held in high esteem by the profession and the public. He was buried at Schenectady, his birth-place.

THE DORRIS MURDER.

A Possibility That Russell Brown Was the Sole Participant-McGlew Indicted for Murder in the First Degree.

Sr. Louis, Feb. 1.-Pat McGlew, who charged by the confession of Russell Brown with being accessory to the murder of Mrs. Dorris, arrived this mornining from Chicago in custody of Detective O'Neil, McGlew now admits that he knew Brown, but only by the name of Russell, and also admits driving around with Brown on the night of the murder and the day following, but professes entire innocence of the crime. He will be examined before the Coroner this afternoon. Brown and McGlew are now

confined in the same cell in Jail. The Grand Jury have indicted Russell Brown and Patrick McGlew for the murder of Mrs. Dorris last Saturday night.

[Globe-Democrat.] Coroner Auler yesterday heard additional testimony bearing upon the murder of Mrs. Sarah Dorris. The attaches of the house and the keeper of the saloon where Brown and his companion nerved themselves by frequent potations to the commission of the hellish crime, told what they knew of the event of Saturday night. Mrs. McEvoy, the cook, who slept with Mrs. Dorris, tells a remarkable story of a visit to the room during the absence of Mrs. Dorris, and of her conversation with the intruder. In the fact that it was not Russell Brown who entered the room, the confession of the prisoner is substantiated. He stated on Sunday night that his companion had gone into the room after the watch, he directing him that it was under the pillow. Mrs. McEvoy, however, says that the late visitor was short and heavy set and had a very dirty face. McGlew does not answer that description; he is five feet eight inches in height, and rather slender in his build. The saloon keeper, Bittner, and his barkeeper agree upon that as the description of Brown's companion. The story Mrs. Mc-Evoy tells hardly seems reasonable. It is certainly remarkable. It can be proven by several witnesses that on Sunday she stated that shortly after Mrs. Dorris went out into the hall, in response to her grandson's call,

n the room across the hall, and heard Mrs. Dorris cry out, in muffled tones, "Oh, Russell, don't!" It certainly will do the cause of Russell Brown no good, and will further strengthen the theory held from Monday, by some, that Russell Brown committed the murderous assault alone, and that McGlew never entered the house, but remained in waiting without. What was the necessity of the other man being put to bed to personate Tom Dorris? All that was necessary was to decoy her to the room. Once in there, to extinguish the light, apply the murderous grip to the throat of the feeble old lady of. three-score years and ten, and force her to the bed, where the murderous work was to throttle the old woman unaided. Would have sent an accomplice who knew nothing of the house into a strange room, with an occupant, to search for the watch?

colored man, a stranger to the locality, came in the saloon and spoke to Brown and his companion may prove important. Pat McGlew is credited with denying any acquaintance with Brown. This won't do. He was well known at Arnot's stable, where he and Brown hired the buggy on Saturday afternoon. He was seen with Brown at 11 but her mind is entirely sound. He also declares the story of her having raised a row in the Daniels House, Chicago, as false; that it was made out of whole cloth. He declares there is not a word of truth in it. He o'clock on Saturday night, at Sixth and Myrtle streets, and on Sunday he was with taire diamond ring, first broaching the subject of money. A hundred people stand ready to testify to having seen him frequentgard favorably the proposition to exhibit the body of the assassin, but John Guiteau denounces it, and says it shall not be done. Scoville has expended his means in the trial, and it is said he would not object to being reimbursed by the sale of the body in case Guiteau is assanted. Fready to testify to having seen him frequently with Brown. When last seen at the depot on Sunday night, he had considerable money in his possession. As he had not been working for some time he will be expected to explain how he became "flush" so suddenly.

companied by his brother, a boy of eighteen years. McGlew had been at home last week and left for St. Louis on Wednesday, telling her that he was going to work here. He had not written to her of his intention to leave for Chicago, and she had only learned of the terrible crime of which he is charged through the papers. She had at once come on to St. Louis to learn the truth, a conductor, kindly carrying her and the how for ductor kindly carrying her and the boy, for she had no money. Learning that he might not return to the city until Thursday, and, being penniless, she last evening returned home, but will come back to St. Louis in a day or two. The young woman seemed in great distress and wept incessantly. The boy says that he has one other brother besides Pat, and they have with their mother. sides Pat, and they live with their mother, who is very poor, and supports herself by taking in washing.

The will of the deceased, which is now in the custody of the Probate Court, where it to receive a fresh impetus through the preswas placed by Cashier Breck, of the Commercial Bank, will probably be opened this afternoon after the return from the funeral, by the General Conference of the reorganand in the presence of the necessary witnesses. Mr. Breck knows nothing of the contents of the instrument. Mrs. Dorris contents of the instrument. Mrs. Dorris held her seperate estate, and it is estimated variously at \$100,000 to \$200,000. Much speculation is rife as to the nature of the bequests. Charles P. Johnson was Mrs. Dorris' attorney, and he was violating no confidence when he stated, last evening, that she had intimated that she would leave her son Thomas (he was always a favorite of hers, despite his waywardness) something handsome in fee simple, and not tie up the bequest as an annuity, as the father has always stated he would do. She also seemed fond of her grandchildren, and there is the harrowing probability that the testament will contain a handsome bequest to the young ingrate who murdered her for a few paltry jewels. paltry jewels.

A Long Telegram From Lieutenant Danenhauer-Lieutenant De Long's Log Book-Lost in the Wilderness-Officers Detailed to Assist in the Search.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.-The Herald furnishes | ask more effective measures be enacted and the following cablegram: "Paris, February 2, 1882.

received direct this morning from Lieuten- of which are in the United States, with a ant Danenhauer, at Irkutsk: 'Our three boats left Bemousky Island on the morning its work. Nine-tenths of these are of September 12 bound for Barkin, fifty-five citizens of the United States, and are loyal distant. We got clear of the ice at noon.

There was then a heavy gale from volved, and quotes from the book of the northeast, and the boats dispersed Mormon to show that polygamy is not a part during the night. The Captain's of Mormonism, but, on the contrary, is exboat, which was loaded deeply, lost her pressly inhibited, and urges the true standmasts and sails. We made land on the that it is no part of the Mormon faith proper, evening of the 7th in shallow water. The but a loathsome incumbrance. This, they boat was abandoned two miles from the say, will prevent those who practice polygabeach and our party waded and reached the my from raising the cry of persecution, and thereby holding with them thousands of deserted village of Sagapp. We carried the honest, ignorant souls of their number log-books and proceeded south on Septem- in Utah who are not actually engaged in the ber 19. Lieutenant De Long's last record, practice of this crime, and who would which we have found, read as follows: which we have found, read as follows: izens. The memorial suggests additional "Saturday, October 1, 1881.—Fourteen of the legislation by Congress, so that avowed bigofficers and men of the Jeannette reached amists may not be allowed to sit as Jurors this hut Wednesday, September 28, and having been forced to wait for the river to amended so that all persons, male and fe-freeze over, are proceeding to cross male, may be punished for the crime of two days of provisions, but having been for- gether and cohabiting be received in Courts

tunate enough thus far to get game in our pressing needs, we have no fear of the future. Our party are all well, except Hans Erickson, whose toes have been amputated received from Clayton, Ill., that Colonel in consequence of frost bite. Other records Thos. G. Black, one of the best and most will be found in several huts on the east prominent citizens of this County, a mem-side of the river, along which we have come ber of the Legislature of 1876, and one of the from the north. GEORGE W. DE LONG." Erickson died October 7. The party were in great distress for want of food. Noros and is intense. The assassin is unknown. Colonel Winderman were sent ahead for relief Oc- Black was a native of Maurey County, Tentober 7. They marched south fifteen days nessee, commanded the Third Cavalry dur-and were found in a starving condition ing the War, was fifty-seven years old, a October 24, by three natives, who took them physician, and a quiet, exemplary man, to a settlement. They could not make The cause of the act is inexplainable. themselves understood

Imme liate search was commenced and the evening, and without saying a word one of party were traced to the wilderness on the them struck him with a kuife, cutting west bank of the Lena. The natives refused through his coat and vest. As he jumper further work, and a return to Boloneuga up the other cut him an ugly gash in the was necessary to get Russian assistance on forehead. Both men then disappeared aud-November 28. A large force is now denly. At midnight the Doctor was researching, having to dig out every moved to his residence. At first it was rething, as the ground is deeply covered ported that his wounds were mortal, but with snow. The wilderness is devoid of later advices say they are not serious. Robgame. Very prompt and efficient action bery was not attempted, and the object is was taken by the Russians. Every effort is unknown. If Black knows the names of being made. Jack Cole, boatman, is tran-quil to-day. He is violent only at times. He has softening of the brain. My left eye

A Precious Pair. is ruined and my right one badly impaired. The other men are well. 'JOHN DANENHEAUR.' "

designated Lieutenant Giles B. Harber and west of this city. The girl suddenly died Master W. H. Scheutze, of the Navy, as of- two weeks ago, and there were rumors of illcers to assist Lieutenant Danenhauer in treatment. The bod the search for Lieutenant Chipp and his Coroner yesterday, and the examination recrew, and they will take passage in the vealed that the poor creature was literally steamship Germanic, which leaves New beaten, starved and frozen to death. The York Saturday, with the expectation of precious pair were bound over for trial. reaching Irkutsk about the middle of March. There is an intense feeling among the Their instructions are not quite complete, neighbors. The girl was an orphan. but will include orders to spare neither effort nor expense in the prosecution of the work assigned them. Lieutenant Harber is now in command of the torpedo boat, "Alarm," at the Navy Yard, Washington, D. C. Master Scheutze is on leave in St. Louis. He has been ordered to proceed to New York without delay.

Secretary Hunt received the following on the part of the cattle plague, or those fed for market, that so far have been the victims. Farmers are alarmed. New York without delay.

Secretary Hunt received the following cabeen the victims. Farmers are alarmed.

Glew arrived in the city from Paris, Ill., ac- | blegram from Minister Hoffman at St. Pe-

The Distinction Between the Mormon Church and that Polygamic Body Called Mormons-Legislation Suggested.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.-The consideration

denounced the doctrines and practices of polygamy, and has all this time kept and sustained the missionaries in preach against them. The result being at least 10,000 persons in that Territory have thus been extricated from the corruption of polygamy and its concomitant ills. They carried into effect by the Government for the suppression of polygamy in the Territories. The Mormon Church, says the "The following important dispatch was memorial, has 500 organized Churches, 450 ministry of 1,500 and 20,000 communicants. and 20,000 others who sustain the Church in point from which to deal with polygamy is, otherwise repudiate it and become good citwhen one of their number is being tried for bigamy; that the statute of limitations be side this morn- polygamy; that the homestead law be amended that polygamous wives shall not be recognized under the title of "heads of some settlement on the Lena River. I have families;" that the reputation of living to-

as evidence to prove the marriage relation. Quincy, Ill., Jan. 30 .- News has just been 306 Grant men at the Republican National Three other reco ds have been found. Convention of 1880, was assassinated in his

Later advices say two unknown men en-The news of them reached us October 29. | tered Black's office at 7:30 o'clock Sunday

LINCOLN, Neb., Feb. 1 .- Last March a little girl nine years old was adopted by a German childless couple named Edward WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.-Secretary Hunt has and Maggie Clausson, twenty miles south-

GREAT SALE

completed. Where is the evidence of a man having been in that bed with his boots on? There was no sign of mud on the sheet. What is to account for the old lady's cry of "Oh, Russell, don't!" heard the instant that she entered the room? The strength of the young man is sufficient to have enabled him to the old woman upsided. Would be the old woman upsided.

it not have been unnatural for Brown to 15 South Meridian St.

The testimony of Bittner's barkeeper, if any reliance can be placed on it, that a March 1, we offer the entire stock below cost.

SEE the REDUCTIONS WE HAVE MADE.

IN ORDER TO CLOSE OUT THE STOCK FORTHWITH WE WILL MAKE TO ORDER

PANTS WORTH \$8 FOR \$5 PANTS WORTH 9 FOR 6

SUITS WORTH \$25 FOR \$18 SUITS WORTH 30 FOR 22

HE GLOBE TAILORING CO.